FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020

TOWN COUNCIL MEMBERS

Allen R. Bolick

Mike Dunn

David C. Lecka

Robert Tufts

Charles B. VonCanon

Brenda Lyerly, Mayor

Rick Owen, Town Manager

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely-presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Banner Elk's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budget and actual schedules, and supplemental ad valorem tax schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budget and actual schedules, and supplemental ad valorem tax schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budget and actual schedules, and supplemental ad valorem tax schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

younds water

Misty D Watson, CPA, PA Boone, North Carolina September 26, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Banner Elk, we offer readers of the Town of Banner Elk's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Banner Elk for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this parrative.

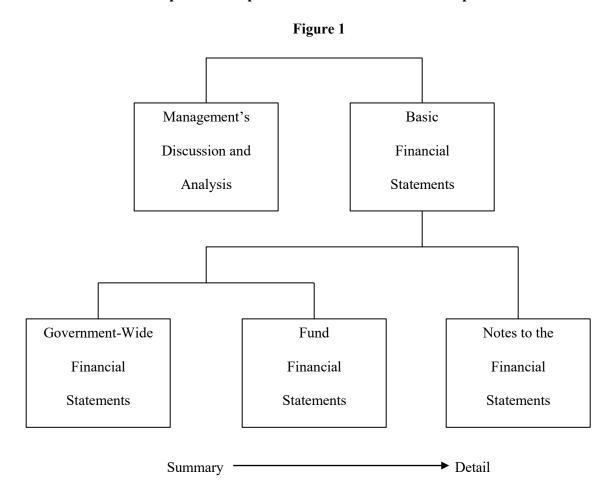
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Banner Elk exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$11,034,475 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$542,088 primarily due to governmental fund related activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Banner Elk's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,267,823, an increase of \$191,310 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 8.3% of this total amount, or \$269,810, is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,888,409, or 87.6%, of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Banner Elk's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Banner Elk.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short- and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short- and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net positions is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and Federal and State grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Banner Elk. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the TDA is important to the Town because the Town exercises control over the Authority by appointing its members.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Banner Elk, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Banner Elk can be divided into two categories: *governmental funds and proprietary funds*.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed, short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Banner Elk adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Banner Elk has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Banner Elk uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

Other Information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 55 of this report. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 50.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Town of Banner Elk's Net Position

Figure 2

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Tot	al
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$3,394,363	\$3,220,856	\$1,755,560	\$1,465,689	\$5,149,923	\$4,686,545
Capital assets	5,087,330	4,941,369	2,601,566	2,768,203	7,688,896	7,709,572
Deferred outflows of resources	287,199	275,339	43,208	46,822	330,407	322,161
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	8,768,892	8,437,564	4,400,334	4,280,714	13,169,226	12,718,278
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,761,405	1,742,469	151,449	225,851	1,912,854	1,968,320
Other liabilities	103,391	126,280	77,371	71,234	180,762	197,514
Deferred inflows of resources	38,698	55,985	2,437	4,072	41,135	60,057
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,903,494	1,924,734	231,257	301,157	2,134,751	2,225,891
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	4,071,546	3,788,401	2,546,519	2,619,723	6,618,065	6,408,124
Restricted	269,810	263,444	-	-	269,810	263,444
Unrestricted	2,524,042	2,460,985	1,622,558	1,359,834	4,146,600	3,820,819
Total net position	\$6,865,398	\$6,512,830	4,169,077	3,979,557	11,034,475	10,492,387

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Banner Elk exceeded liabilities by \$11,034,475 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position increased by \$542,088 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, the largest portion (60%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Banner Elk uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Banner Elk's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Banner Elk's net position, \$269,810, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$4,146,600 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- In the current year, there was an increase in local options sales tax and water and sewer collections.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 98.52%.

Town of Banner Elk Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
Revenues:	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 122,701	\$ 166,270	\$ 991,405	\$ 944,685	\$ 1,114,106	\$ 1,110,955
Operating grants and contributions	69,720	83,168	-	-	69,720	83,168
Capital grants and contributions	38,431	176,015	-	-	38,431	176,015
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	1,320,259	1,257,226	-	-	1,320,259	1,257,226
Other taxes	759,711	697,122	-	-	759,711	697,122
Investment earnings	54,248	82,479	2,427	2,872	56,675	85,351
Sale of capital assets	23,254	4,143	-	-	23,254	4,143
Other	39,157	24,584	-	-	39,157	24,584
Total revenues	2,427,481	2,491,007	993,832	947,557	3,421,313	3,438,564
Expenses:						
General government	554,940	481,085	-	-	554,940	481,085
Public Safety	853,451	789,373	-	-	853,451	789,373
Transportation	353,124	724,364	-	-	353,124	724,364
Cultural and recreation	297,875	70,182	-	-	297,875	70,182
Interest on long-term debt	15,523	15,833	5,336	5,812	20,859	21,645
Water and sewer	-		798,976	795,805	798,976	795,805
Total expenses	2,074,913	2,080,837	804,312	801,617	2,879,225	2,882,454
Increase (decrease) in net position	352,568	410,170	189,520	145,940	542,088	556,110
Net position, beginning	6,512,830	6,102,660	3,979,557	3,833,617	10,492,387	9,936,277
Net position, June 30	\$ 6,865,398	\$ 6,512,830	\$ 4,169,077	\$ 3,979,557	\$11,034,475	\$10,492,387

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$352,568. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Property tax collections exceeded expectations.
- Town management closely monitored expenditures.
- Increased collections from local option sales tax.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the Town of Banner Elk's net position by \$189,520. Key element of this increase are as follows:

Increased collections from water and sewer charges.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Banner Elk uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Banner Elk's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Banner Elk's financing requirements. Specifically, available fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Banner Elk. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available in the General Fund was \$1,888,409 while total fund balance reached \$2,482,307.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of the Town of Banner Elk reported a combined fund balance of \$3,267,823, an 6.2% increase over last year. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase in the General Fund of \$241,913, a decrease in the Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund of \$57,982, and a net increase in non-major funds of \$7,379.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues exceeded budgeted amounts due to conservative estimates.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Banner Elk's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,622,558. The change in net position was an increase of \$189,520. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Banner Elk's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Banner Elk's capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$7,688,896 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions (there were no significant demolitions or disposals):

•	Governmental equipment	\$386,571
•	Governmental infrastructure	\$31,765
•	Business-type furniture and maintenance equipment	\$9,248

Town of Banner Elk's Capital Assets

Figure 4

		Governn Activit		l]	Business-T Activities	-		Total	
		2020 2019		2	2020		2019	2020	2019	
Land	\$	1,334,233	\$	1,334,233	\$	23,466	\$	23,466	\$1,357,769	\$ 1,357,699
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-	-	-
Infrastructure		2,735,127		2,703,361		-		-	2,735,127	2,703,361
Buildings		1,546,902		1,546,902		-		-	1,546,902	1,546,902
Plant		-		-		6,560,228		6,560,228	6,560,228	6,560,228
Equipment and furniture		1,305,895		945,991		766,138		756,890	2,072,033	1,702,881
Total		6,922,157		6,530,487		7,349,832		7,340,584	14,271,989	13,871,071
Less: accumulated depreciation	((1,834,827)	((1,589,119)	(4	1,748,264)	(4,572,379)	(6,583,091)	(6,161,498)
Net capital assets	S	5 5,087,330	(\$ 4,941,368	\$	2,601,568	(\$2,768,205	\$ 7,688,898	\$ 7,709,573

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2020, the Town of Banner Elk had total debt outstanding of \$1,912,854.

Town of Banner Elk's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds and Other Long-Term Liabilities

Figure 5

	 Governme Activitie		Business Activi	 e		Tot	al	
	 2020	2019	2020	2019		2020		2019
General obligation bonds	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ 73,000 \$	5	-		73,000
Compensated absences	63,641	63,066	22,183	17,512		85,824		80,578
Other post-employment benefits	36,707	62,447	-	-		36,707		62,447
Net pension liability (LGERS)	342,520	272,506	74,219	59,859		416,739		332,365
Total pension liability (LEO)	302,753	283,833	-	-		302,753		283,833
Installment purchases	 1,015,784	1,060,617	55,047	75,480		1,070,831		1,136,097
Total	 \$1,761,405	\$ 1,742,469	\$ 151,449	\$ 225,851	\$	1,912,854	\$	1,968,320

The Town of Banner Elk's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$55,466 during the past fiscal year, due to principal payments.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Banner Elk is \$17,721,626.

Additional information regarding the Town of Banner Elk's long-term debt can be found in note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the stability and prosperity of the Town:

- Impacts from COVID-19
- Potential of decrease in sales tax
- Potential for decrease in tourism
- Viability of businesses due to economic conditions

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities. Property tax revenues are expected to remain steady with some increase the prior year based on new development. State shared revenues are budgeted lower due to the uncertainties related to COVID-19. It is anticipated that sales tax collections will be lower than the current year.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to remain constant.

Business-Type Activities. The water and sewer revenues in the Town are expected to remain stable. However, there is uncertainty surrounding the affects COVID-19 will continue to play on users. There is potential for dramatic reductions due to changes in business operations and Lees-McRae College operations in response to COVID-19 restrictions or outbreaks.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Town of Banner Elk, P.O. Box 2049, Banner Elk, North Carolina 28604.

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Primary Governmen	mary Go	vernment	t
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Cash and cash equivalents		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Town of Banner Elk Tourism Development Authority				
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,211,500 \$ 1,545,392 \$ 4,756,892 \$ 583,270 Taxes receivable, net 21,735 - 21,735 - Accounts receivable, net - 100,772 100,772 - Due from other governments 159,714 9,364 169,078 13,271 Inventories - 55,418 55,418 - Restricted cash and cash equivalents - 44,614 44,614 - Total current assets - 55,418 - Capital assets (Note 4): - - - - Land, non-depreciable improvements, and construction in progress 3,753,097 2,578,101 6,331,198 - Other capital assets (Note 4): -	ASSETS								
Care receivable, net	Current assets:								
Care receivable, net	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,211,500	\$ 1,545,392	\$ 4,756,892	\$ 583,270				
Accorded intercest 1,414 - 1,414 - Accounts receivable, net - 100,772 100,772 13,271 Due from other governments 159,714 9,364 169,078 13,271 Inventories - 55,418 55,418 - Restricted cash and cash equivalents - 55,418 55,418 - Total current assets - 44,614 44,614 - Non-current assets - 8,755,600 5,149,923 596,541 Non-current assets -	-				-				
Accounts receivable, net 100,772 100,772 1.7 Due from other governments 159,714 9,364 169,078 13,271 Inventories 2 55,418 55,4					_				
Due from other governments	Accounts receivable, net	-			_				
Inventories		159,714		169,078	13,271				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 3,394,363 1,755,560 5,149,923 596,541		-			-				
Non-current assets		-			_				
Capital assets (Note 4): Land, non-depreciable improvements, and construction in progress 1,334,233 23,465 1,357,698 - Other capital assets, net of depreciation 3,753,097 2,578,101 6,331,198 - Total capital assets 5,087,330 2,601,566 7,688,896 - Total assets 280,299 43,208 323,507 - OPEB deferral 6,900 - 6,900 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - Total current liabilities: Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total current liabilities 302,753 - 302,753 Total OPEB liability 302,753 - 302,753 Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 3,8698 2,437 41,135 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437		3,394,363			596,541				
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and construction in progress 1,334,233 23,465 1,357,698 -	Non-current assets:								
Author	Capital assets (Note 4):								
Other capital assets, net of depreciation 3,753,097 2,578,101 6,331,198 - Total capital assets 5,087,330 2,601,566 7,688,896 - Total assets 8,481,693 4,357,126 12,838,819 596,541 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 280,299 43,208 323,507 - OPEB deferral 6,900 - 6,900 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - Current labilities: Current profice of long-term liabilities 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current profice of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities 302,753 - 302,753 - Total pension liability 302,753 <t< td=""><td>Land, non-depreciable improvements,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Land, non-depreciable improvements,								
Total capital assets 5,087,330 2,601,566 7,688,896 - Total assets 8,481,693 4,357,126 12,838,819 596,541 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 280,299 43,208 323,507 - OPEB deferral 6,900 - 6,900 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - Current liabilities: Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 -	and construction in progress	1,334,233	23,465	1,357,698	-				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 280,299 43,208 323,507 - OPEB deferral 6,900 - 6,900 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 36,707 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 38,698 2,437	•	5,087,330	2,601,566	7,688,896	-				
Pension deferrals 280,299 43,208 323,507 - OPEB deferral 6,900 - 6,900 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Net pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals	Total assets	8,481,693	4,357,126	12,838,819	596,541				
Pension deferrals 280,299 43,208 323,507 - OPEB deferral 6,900 - 6,900 - Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Net pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	Z.S							
OPEB deferral Total deferred outflows of resources 6,900 cand and a second process. - 6,900 cand and a second process. - 6,900 cand and a second process. LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - 8,200 cand and a second process. - 136,148 cand and a second process. 2,600 cand and a second process. - 136,148 cand and a second process. 2,600 cand and a second process. - 136,148 cand and a second process. 2,600 cand and a second process. - 191,739 cand and a second process. - 2,600 cand and a second process. - 2,600 cand and a second process. - 2,600 cand and a second process. - 302,753 cand and a second process. - 2,600 cand and a second process.			43 208	323 507	_				
Total deferred outflows of resources 287,199 43,208 330,407 - LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,886 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 36,707 - 302,753 Total pension liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year <td <="" colspan="4" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: Variable pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 - 2,600 - 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 -	•	•			-				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: Variable pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 - 2,600 - 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 -	LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable 103,391 32,757 136,148 2,600 Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Net rosetment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Res									
Current portion of long-term liabilities 170,624 21,115 191,739 - Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: Stabilization by State Statute 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Net pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,707 - 36,916 - 2,600 - - - 2,600 -		103.391	32,757	136.148	2,600				
Payable from restricted assets - 44,614 44,614 - Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities:					-,000				
Total current liabilities 274,015 98,486 372,501 2,600 Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Public safety 110,096 - 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670					_				
Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 -		274.015			2,600				
Net pension liability 342,520 74,219 416,739 - Total pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 - Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 - Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	Long-term liabilities:				,,,,,,				
Total pension liability 302,753 - 302,753 Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -		342,520	74.219	416,739	_				
Total OPEB liability 36,707 - 36,707 Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	•								
Due in more than one year 908,801 56,115 964,916 - Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	-								
Total liabilities 1,864,796 228,820 2,093,616 2,600 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -					_				
Pension deferrals 38,698 2,437 41,135 - Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	· ·				2,600				
Total deferred inflows of resources 38,698 2,437 41,135 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	Pension deferrals	38,698	2,437	41,135	-				
Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	Total deferred inflows of resources	38,698	3 2,437	41,135	-				
Net investment in capital assets 4,071,546 2,546,519 6,618,065 - Restricted for: 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	NET POSITION								
Restricted for: Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -		4 071 546	2 546 519	6 618 065	_				
Public safety 110,096 - 110,096 - Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -	-	1,0 / 1,0 10	2,5 10,519	3,010,003					
Stabilization by State Statute 159,714 - 159,714 13,271 Tourism - - - - 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -		110 096		110 096	_				
Tourism 580,670 Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -					13 271				
Unrestricted 2,524,042 1,622,558 4,146,600 -		157,717	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100,717					
		2 524 042	1 622 558	4 146 600	-				
	•				\$ 593.941				

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Activities June 30, 2020

		P	Program Revenues	Se	Net (Ex	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Changes in Net P	osition
					Pı	Primary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Town of Banner Elk Tourism Development Authority
Primary government: Governmental Activities:	4							
General government	\$ 554,940	\$ 6,028	\$ 23,284	· S	\$ (525,628)	\$	(525,628)	
Public safety	853,451	(1	2,398			ı		1
Transportation	353,124	ı	41,038	ı	(312,086)		(312,086)	
Cultural and recreation	297,875	91,938	3,000	38,431	(164,506)	ı	(164,506)	ı
Interest on long-term debt	15,523	1	1	1	(15,523)	1	(15,523)	
Total governmental activities (See Note 1)	2,074,913	122,701	69,720	38,431	(1,844,061)		(1,844,061)	
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	804,312	991,405	1	1		\$ 187,093	187,093	
Total business-type activities	804,312	991,405	1	1	•	187,093	187,093	•
Total primary government	\$ 2,879,225	\$ 1,114,106	\$ 69,720	\$ 38,431	(1,844,061)	187,093	(1,656,968)	ı
Component unit: Town of Banner Elk Tourism								
Development Authority	\$ 162,064	1		1	1	•	1	(162,064)
Total component unit	\$ 162,064	1	•	1	1	1	1	(162,064)
	General revenues:	es:						
	Dronerty ta	Property taxes levied for general numose	neral numose		1 320 259		1 320 259	,
	Other taxes	Act, icrica icr S.	and barbase		283,379		283.379	260.665
	Local optic	Local option sales tax			476,332	,	476,332	1
	Unrestricted	Unrestricted investment earnings	ngs		54,248	2,427	56,675	1,906
	Miscellaneous revenues	s revenues			39,157	1	39,157	
	Gain on sale	Gain on sale of capital assets			23,254		23,254	
	Total gen	Total general revenues and transfers	d transfers		2,196,629	2,427	2,199,056	262,571
	Change	Change in net position			352,568	189,520	542,088	100,507
	Net position, beginning	ginning			6,512,830	3,979,557	10,492,387	493,434
	Net position, ending	ding			\$ 6,865,398	\$ 4,169,077 \$	11,034,475	\$ 593,941

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		Major	r F	unds			
		General		Capital Project Reserve Fund	Total Non- ajor Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net:	\$	2,426,509	5	354,714	\$ 430,277	\$	3,211,500
Taxes		21,735		-	-		21,735
Due from other governments		159,078		254.514	636		159,714
Total assets		2,607,322		354,714	430,913		3,392,949
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		103,280		-	111		103,391
Total liabilities	-	103,280		-	111		103,391
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property taxes receivable		21,735		-	-		21,735
Total deferred inflows of resources		21,735		-	-		21,735
FUND BALANCES Restricted							
Stabilization by State Statute		159,078		-	636		159,714
Public Safety Assigned		-		-	110,096		110,096
Capital projects		-		280,881	76,571		357,452
Subsequent years expenditures		434,820		73,833	-		508,653
Cultural and recreation Committed		-		-	243,499		243,499
Capital projects		_		_	_		_
Unassigned		1,888,409		-	_		1,888,409
Total fund balances		2,482,307		354,714	430,802		3,267,823
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund							
balances	\$	2,607,322	5	354,714	\$ 430,913	=	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds							3,267,823
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the							, ,
funds.							1,414
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.							
Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation					\$ 6,922,157 (1,834,827)	_	5,087,330
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds							280,299
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.							21,735
Net pension liability							(342,520)
Total pension liability							(302,753)
Total OPEB liability Gross long-term debt							(36,707) (1,079,425)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds							6,900
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not							~,~ ~ ~
reported in the funds						•	(38,698)
Net position of governmental activities						\$	6,865,398

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Major Funds				_			
		General Fund		Capital Project Reserve Fund		Total Non-Major Funds		Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,314,597	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,314,597
Other taxes and licenses		1,135		-		=		1,135
Unrestricted intergovernmental		758,576		-		-		758,576
Restricted intergovernmental		66,720		-		-		66,720
Permits and fees		6,414		-		-		6,414
Sales and services		36,470		-		86,231		122,701
Donations		3,000		-		-		3,000
Investment earnings		41,290		11,851		1,107		54,248
Miscellaneous		45,695		-		25,478		71,173
Total revenues		2,273,897		11,851		112,816		2,398,564
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		559,969		-		_		559,969
Public safety		827,362		-		14,023		841,385
Transportation		567,552		-		_		567,552
Culture and recreation		123,331		-		77,914		201,245
Debt service:						-		
Principal		61,501		-		83,333		144,834
Interest and other charges		15,523		-		-		15,523
Total expenditures	-	2,155,238		-		175,270		2,330,508
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						•		
expenditures		118,659		11,851		(62,454)		68,056
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		69,833		69,833
Transfers to other funds		-		(69,833))	_		(69,833)
Proceeds from long-term debt		100,000		-		_		100,000
Sales of capital assets		23,254		-		_		23,254
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	123,254		(69,833)		69,833		123,254
Net change in fund balance		241,913		(57,982)		7,379		191,310
Fund balances, beginning		2,240,394		412,696		423,423		3,076,513
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,482,307	\$	354,714	\$	430,802	\$	3,267,823

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 191,310
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ 418,337 (272,375)	145,962
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year not included in the Statement of Activities Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for OPEB are not included on the Statement of Activities		69,975 6,900
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		43,166
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		5,616
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Proceeds from long-term debt	(100,000)	.,
Principal payments on long-term debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	144,834	44,834
Compensated absences OPEB plan expense (income) Pension expense	(1,150) 18,840 (172,885)	
		(155,195)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 352,568

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund							
	Bud	get - Original		Budget - Final		Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenues:	Φ.	1 055 051	Φ.	1 277 251	Φ	1 21 4 505	Φ	27.246
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,277,351	\$	1,277,351	\$	1,314,597	\$	37,246
Other taxes and licenses		200		200		1,135		935
Unrestricted intergovernmental		601,596		601,596		758,576		156,980
Restricted intergovernmental		41,500		41,500		66,720		25,220
Permits and fees		4,000		4,000		6,414		2,414
Sales and services		25,500		25,500		36,470		10,970
Investment earnings		40,000		40,000		41,290		1,290
Donations		-		-		3,000		3,000
Miscellaneous		10,002		67,043		45,695		(21,348)
Total revenues		2,000,149		2,057,190		2,273,897		216,707
Expenditures: Current: General government		590,808		629,092		559,969		69,123
Public safety		824,346		846,846		827,362		19,484
Transportation		811,309		1,011,309		644,576		366,733
Cultural and recreation		169,222		176,222		123,331		52,891
Total expenditures		2,395,685		2,663,469		2,155,238		508,231
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(395,536)		(606,279)		118,659		724,938
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from long-term debt		100,000		200,000		100,000		(100,000)
Sales of capital assets		2,500		2,500		23,254		20,754
Total other financing sources (uses)		102,500		202,500		123,254		(79,246)
Fund balance appropriated		293,036		403,779		-		403,779
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	=	241,913	\$	241,913
Fund balances, beginning						2,240,394		
Fund balances, ending					\$	2,482,307		

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer Fund			
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,545,392			
Accounts receivable, net	100,772			
Due from other governments	9,364			
Inventories	55,418			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	44,614			
Total current assets	1,755,560			
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	23,465			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,578,101			
Capital assets	2,601,566			
	2,601,566			
Total assets	4,357,126			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals	43,208			
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	32,757			
Current portion of long-term debt	21,115			
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	44,614			
Total current liabilities	98,486			
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	22,183			
Notes and bonds payable	33,932			
Net pension liability	74,219			
Total noncurrent liabilities	130,334			
Total liabilities	228,820			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals	2,437			
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,546,519			
Unrestricted	1,622,558			
Total net position	\$ 4,169,077			

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		ater and wer Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	952,404
Water and sewer taps		34,300
Other operating revenues		4,701
Total operating revenues		991,405
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water and sewer operations		623,091
Depreciation		175,885
Total operating expenses		798,976
Operating income (loss)		192,429
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings		2,427
Interest and other charges		(5,336)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(2,909)
Change in net position		189,520
Total net position, beginning	_	3,979,557
Total net position, ending		4,169,077

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Vater and Sewer Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	984,124
Cash paid for goods and services		(388,805)
Cash paid to employees		(213,452)
Customer deposits received		4,875
Customer deposits returned		(3,056)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		383,686
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on long-term debt		(93,433)
Acquisition of capital assets		(9,248)
Interest and other charges		(5,336)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(108,017)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends		2,427
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		2,427
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		278,096
Balances, beginning		1,311,910
Balances, ending	\$	1,590,006
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$	192,429
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		175,885
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net		(12,052)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		4,772
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(4,495)
Increase in net pension liability		14,360
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,318
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		1,819
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		4,671
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions		(1,635)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions		3,614
Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	Φ.	191,257
Net easil provided by operating activities	\$	383,686

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina, (the Town) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected Mayor and a five- member Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Banner Elk Tourism Development Authority (TDA)

The members of the TDA's governing board are appointed by the Town. The TDA Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the TDA Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Town of Banner Elk TDA, P.O. Box 2049, Banner Elk, North Carolina 28604.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities, such as investment earnings.

The Town maintains the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety and street maintenance and construction.

Capital Project Reserve Fund. The Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund is used to account for capital asset purchases and major construction projects of the Town, excluding streets, sidewalks, and water/sewer projects.

The Town maintains the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Police Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for Federal and State drug enforcement funds remitted to the Town that are restricted for the benefits of the police department.

Cops Golf Tournament Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for the annual activity of the Cops Golf Tournament.

Historic Banner Elk School Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for activity for the Historic Banner Elk School. The Town utilizes fundraising activities to cover the debt payment and property improvements.

Capital Project Fund Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for special capital projects including sidewalk extensions.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. Enterprise funds account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodical determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control,

accountability, or other purposes. The Water and Sewer Fund is the only enterprise fund of the Town.

Water and Sewer Capital Improvement Plan Fund. The Water and Sewer Capital Improvement Plan Fund is used to account for capital asset purchases and major construction projects of the Town's water and sewer activity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non- exchange transactions in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long- term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other

financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2014, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town, are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Banner Elk because the tax is levied by Avery County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund, Police Special Revenue Fund, Cops Golf Tournament Special Revenue Fund, Historic Banner Elk School Special Revenue Fund, Sidewalk Projects Special Revenue Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, and Water and Sewer Capital Improvement Plan Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end.

A project ordinance is adopted for the Streets and Sidewalk Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State statutes. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT- Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2020, The Term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Cash

Security deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

Restricted cash at June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

Business-Type Activities:

Water and Sewer Fund: Customer deposits

\$ 44,614

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The costs of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or significantly extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The Town capitalizes interest costs which are incurred during the construction period of capital assets.

In conjunction with implementing GASB 34, "The New Reporting Model", the Town began capitalizing public domain ("infrastructure") capital assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems as of July 1, 2003. Infrastructure assets exceeding the Town's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 will be reported as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General governmental infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, were not retroactively reported; therefore, the infrastructure capital assets in the Statement of Net Position only include assets purchased after July 1, 2003.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	50 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years

8. Compensated Absences

Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days up to a maximum of thirty days. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Vacation pay taken is reduced using the first-in-first-out method. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's sick leave policy provides for unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, pension deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period and so will not be recognized as revenues until then. The Town has two items that meets this criterion – property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or the proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Debt issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and

discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance: This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Stabilization by State Statute — North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance: This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of

Banner Elk's governing body (highest level of decision making authority, the Town Council). Any changes or removal of specific purpose restrictions requires majority action by the governing body. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Capital Projects – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for future expenditures within the Streets and Sidewalks Capital Project Fund.

Assigned Fund Balance: Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town of Banner Elk has budgeted for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Assigned for Capital Projects – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for future expenditures within the Capital Improvements Capital Project Fund.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreational – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for cultural and recreational expenditures.

Unassigned Fund Balance: Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Banner Elk has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, Federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

The Town has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

12. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided are accounted for as revenues or expenses in the government-wide financial statements since they would be treated as such if they involved organizations external to the Town. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those

estimates. Significant areas where estimates made are: allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

14. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Banner Elk's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Banner Elk has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and TDA are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or TDA's agents in the units' name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and TDA, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and TDA's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interestbearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town and TDA or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town and TDA under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town and TDA has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town and TDA complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$470,020 and a bank balance of \$564,436. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC. The Town held \$1,731 in petty cash as of June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2020, the TDA's deposits had a carrying amount of \$583,270 and a bank balance of \$586,770. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.s

2. Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Town's investments balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book Value At 6/30/2020		Maturity	Rating	
NC Capital Management Trust – Government Portfolio	Fair Value 1	\$	3,027,734	N/A	AAAm	
NC Capital Management Trust –	Fair Value					
Term Portfolio	Level 1		1,302,021	.15 years	Unrated	
Total:		\$	3 4,329,755	•		

All investments are measured using the market approach; using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. The Town does not have a formal investment policy. However, the Town's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than two years.

Credit Risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2020. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

3. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts:

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

		other	
	Taxes	governments	Total
Governmental Activities:			
Property taxes	\$ 26,187	-	\$ 26,187
Local options sales/franchise tax	-	94,966	94,966
ABC revenues - unrestricted	-	50,000	50,000
Sales tax refunds due	-	9,344	9,344
Motor vehicle taxes	-	5,404	5,404
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,452)	-	(4,452)
Total governmental activities	\$ 21,735	159,714	\$ 181,449

Due from

Capital Assets

4. Governmental Capital Assets

The capital assets of the government fund of the Town at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,334,233	-	\$ -	\$1,334,233
Construction in progress		-	-	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,334,233	-	-	1,334,233
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,546,902	-	-	1,546,902
Equipment and furniture	945,991	386,571	26,667	1,305,895
Infrastructure	2,703,361	31,765	-	2,735,127
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,196,254	418,336	26,667	5,587,924
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	365,467	32,751	-	398,218
Equipment and furniture	733,479	167,019	26,667	873,831
Infrastructure	490,173	72,605	-	562,778
Total accumulated depreciation	1,589,119	272,375	26,667	1,834,827
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,607,136			3,753,097
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$4,941,367			\$5,087,330

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government assets as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 24,500
Public safety	57,500
Transportation	92,450
Cultural and recreation	 97,925
Total	\$ 272,375

Proprietary Capital Assets

The capital assets of the proprietary fund of the Town at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases]	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:							
Water and Sewer Fund							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	23,466	\$ -	\$	-	\$	23,466
Construction in progress	ī	-	-		-		-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	23,466				-		23,466
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant		6,560,228	-		-		6,560,228
Furniture and maintenance equipment		756,890	9,248		-		766,138
Total capital assets being depreciated		7,317,118	9,248		-		7,326,366
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant		3,936,899	155,184		-		4,092,083
Furniture and maintenance equipment		635,480	20,701		-		656,181
Total accumulated depreciation		4,572,379	175,885		-		4,748,264
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,744,379					2,578,102
Water and Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$	2,768,205			=	\$	2,601,568

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Banner Elk is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine

appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Banner Elk employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Banner Elk's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.7% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Banner Elk were \$84,328 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance

of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$416,739 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.01526%, which was a decrease of 0.00125% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$180,546. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	71,356		_	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings		67,921		-	
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Town		10,165		-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,970		13,216	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		84,328			
Total	\$	238,740	\$	13,216	

\$84,328 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 68,865
2022	20,026
2023	39,515
2024	12,790
2025	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial

valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary

for the 2018 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

		1%				1%
	Decrease (6.0%)		Discount Rate (7.0%)		Increase (8.0%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	953,158	\$	416,739	\$	(29,134)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Town of Banner Elk administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	8
Total	11

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.26 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$43,166 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$302,753. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$23,073.

	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 24,856	\$	19,227	
Changes of assumptions Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense	16,745		8,692	
made subsequent to the measurement date	 43,166		-	
Total	\$ 84,767	\$	27,919	

\$43,166 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 1,470
2022	2,060
2023	676
2024	6,003
2025	3,473
Thereafter	_

\$43,166 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Towns total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

		1%				
	De	crease	D	iscount	1%	Increase
		.26%)	Rate	e (3.26%)	(4.26%)
Total pension liability	\$	331,877	\$	302,753	\$	276,634

	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 283,833
Service Cost	12,042
Interest on the total pension liability	9,561
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the	-
measurement of the total pension liability	29,399
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	10,269
Benefit payments	(42,351)
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 302,753

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share of pension expense for all pension plans:

LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
\$180,546	\$ 23,073	\$ 203,619
416,739	302,753	719,492
0.01526%	N/A	
71,356	24,856	96,212
67,921	16,745	84,666
10,165	-	10,165
4,970	-	4,970
84,328	43,166	127,494
	\$180,546 416,739 0.01526% 71,356 67,921 10,165 4,970	\$180,546

Deferred of Inflows of Resources

19,227	19,227
8,692	8,692
	- 13,216
	19,227 8,692

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The Town made contributions of \$42,606 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

2. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Post-employment Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The Town (by local ordinance) administers a single employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefit Plan which provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and meet the following criteria. The employee must exercise their LGERS retirement if they have at least ten years of creditable service with the Town to remain on the Town's policy with the retiree paying the full cost. If the employee has twenty- five years of creditable service with the Town, the Town will pay the full cost of coverage of these benefits for retirees. Retirees will cease to be eligible for group health once they are Medicare eligible. Retirees who do not meet the aforementioned criteria have the option to purchase basic medical insurance for themselves and their dependents through the Town for eighteen months. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the retirees. The Town maintains healthcare coverage through a combination of self-insurance and private insurers (see Risk Management Note). The plan was eliminated for all active employees as of December 10, 2012. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Funding Policy. The Town agrees to provide medical insurance to certain retired employees as an extended benefit. Eligible retirees who elect this coverage will be enrolled in the group health plan. For members that retire with at least 25 years of service, the Town pays 100% of the cost for pre-Medicare healthcare coverage for the retire. Years of service are considered years of creditable service with the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System. Retirees will cease to be eligible for group health once they are Medicare eligible. The retiree will be responsible for paying the cost of dependent coverage if dependent coverage is elected. The Town has chosen to fund the health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$36,707 was measured as of June 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent		
Real wage growth	1.00 percent		
Wage inflation	3.50 percent		
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50-7.75%		
Municipal Bond Index Rate			
Prior measurement date	3.89%		
Measurement date	3.50%		
Heath care cost trends	None		

The discount rate is based on the yield of the Municipal Bond Index rate as of the measurement date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at 6/30/2019	\$	62,447		
Changes for the year				
Service cost		-		
Interest		2,296		
Changes of benefit terms		(10,609)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(11,605)		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		1,078		
Benefit payments		(6,900)		
Net changes		(25,740)		
Balance at 6/30/2020	\$	36,707		

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.89% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.5 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease	Discour	nt Rate (3.5%)	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	37,751	\$	36,707	\$	35,710

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Decrease	se Current			1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	36,707	\$	36,707	\$	36,707		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of (\$18,440). At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	De	ferred	Deferr	ed Inflows
	Outf	Outflows of		esources
	Res	ources		
Differences between expected and actual experience				
	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Benefit payments and administrative costs made				
subsequent to the measurement date		6,900		
Total	\$	6,900	\$	-

\$6,900 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended

Year ended June 30:	
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
2024	-
2025	-
Thereafter	_

3. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 84,328
Benefit payments made and administrative	
expenses for LEOSSA	43,166
Differences between expected and actual	96,212
Changes of assumptions	84,666
expenses for OPEB subsequent to measurement	
date	6,900
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on pension plan investments	10,165
Changes in proportion and differences between	
employer contributions and proportionate share of	
contributions	4,970
Total	\$ 330,407

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is compromised of the following:

	Statement of Net		Ge	neral Fund
	Position		Bal	ance Sheet
Taxes Receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$	-	\$	21,735
Changes in assumptions		8,692		-
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		19,227		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		13,216		_
Total	\$	41,135	\$	21,735
		·		

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability, and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request. The Town purchases employee health insurance from a private insurance company. The health insurance plan is fully insured by the private carrier.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more of the Town's funds at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond with a \$50,000 coverage limit per incident. The Finance Officer and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$100,000 each.

5. Long-Term Obligations

The long-term obligations of the Town are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

4.625% note for \$300,000, payable to USDA issued August 2003; payable in annual installments of \$16,595, including interest; beginning August 2005 final payment due August 2043; secured by real estate

\$ 237,579

2.28% note for \$201,200, payable to BB&T issued May 2014; payable in annual installments of \$31,423, including interest; beginning May 2015 with final payment due May 2021; secured by real estate

30,723

0.0% note for \$1,000,000, payable to Avery County issued March 2015; annual installments of \$83,333; beginning July 2015 with final payment due January 2026; secured by real estate

583,333

2.72% note for \$65,000, payable to BB&T issued December 2017; payable semi-annual installments with varying amounts beginning July 2018 with payment due June 2022; secured by equipment

31,278

3.7% note for \$42,906 payable to Highlands Union Bank issued June 2019 payable in annual installments with varying amounts beginning final payment due June 2023; secured by equipment.

32,871

2.62% note for \$100,000 payable to BB&T issued September 2019; payable in annual installments with varying amounts beginning 2020; final payment due September 2023; secured by equipment.

100,000 3 1,015,784

Installment Note:

2.72% note for \$35,000, payable to BB&T issued December 2017; payable in semi-annual installments with varying amounts beginning July 2018 with final

payment due June 2022; secured by equipment

\$ 17,402

3.7% note for \$49,426 payable to Highlands Union Bank issued June 2019 payable in annual installments with varying amounts beginning June 2020 with final payment due June 2023; secured by equipment.

37,645 \$ 55,047

Maturities of long-term debt, including interest are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			В	usiness-Ty	pe 1	Activities	
Year Ending June 30	Prin	incipal Interest Principal		ncipal	Inte	erest		
2021	\$	170,624	\$	16,390	\$	21,115	\$	1,894
2022		139,955		13,961		21,202		1,194
2023		125,998		11,938		12,730		494
2024		115,733		10,854		-		_
2025		90,052		9,877		-		-
2026-2030		205,217		44,424		-		-
2031-2035		48,329		34,646		-		-
2035-2039		60,588		22,387		-		-
2040-2044		59,288		7,019		-		-
	\$	1,015,784	\$	171,496	\$	55,047	\$	3,582

	Beginning Balances	Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balances	Current portion of balance
Governmental activities						
Notes payable	\$ 1,060,617	\$ 100,000	\$	144,833	\$ 1,015,784	\$ 170,624
Net pension liability (LGERS)	272,506	70,014		_	342,520	_
	. ,	, .			- ,	
Total pension liability (LEO)	283,833	18,920		-	302,753	-
Compensated absences	63,066	21,557		20,982	63,641	-
Total OPEB liability	62,447	-		25,740	36,707	
Governmental activity long- term liabilities	\$ 1,742,469	\$ 210,491	\$	191,555	\$ 1,761,405	\$ 170,624

									C	Current
	Be	ginning					E	Ending	p	ortion
	Ва	alances	In	creases	De	creases	В	alances	of	balance
Business-type activities										
Notes payable	\$	75,480	\$	-	\$	20,433	\$	55,047	\$	21,115
General obligation bonds		73,000		-		73,000		-		-
Net pension liability										
(LGERS)		59,859		14,360		-		74,219		-
Compensated absences		17,512		10,334		5,663		22,183		
Business-type activities long-										
term liabilities	\$	225,851	\$	24,694	\$	99,096	\$	151,449	\$	21,115

Other post-employment benefits and compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a FIFO basis, assuming that the employees are taking leave time as it is earned. At June 30, 2020, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$17,721,626.

C. Interfund Transactions

Transfers to/from Other Funds at June 30, 2020 consists of the following:

Transfer from the Capital Project Fund to the Historic Banner Elk School Special

Revenue Fund \$69,833

D. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Town, in conjunction with seven counties and eighteen municipalities, established the Region D Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board.

The Town, in conjunction with the Town of Seven Devils and the Village of Sugar Mountain, merged to form the High Country Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board. Profits from the High Country Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board are distributed pursuant to an agreement signed by the three Towns. Each Town appoints one member to serve on the High Country Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.

III. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

IV. Fund Balance

Total fund balance – General Fund	\$2,482,307
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	159,078
Subsequent years expenditures	434,820
Remaining fund balance	1,888,409

Town of Banner Elk Rock, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30,

		2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability				_
Service cost	\$	- \$	- \$	-
Interest		2,296	2,295	2,171
Changes of benefit terms		(10,609)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	ii	(11,605)	(86)	820
Changes of assumptions		1,078	(740)	(1,573)
Benefit payments		(6,900)	(6,900)	(11,240)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(25,740)	(5,431)	(9,822)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		62,447	67,878	77,700
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	36,707 \$	62,447 \$	67,878

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal year</u>	Rate
2018	3.56%
2019	3.89%
2020	3.50%

^{*} Covered employee payroll is not provided since there are fewer than 10 Participants in the Plan Notes to Schedule

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Town of Banner Elk's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Banner Elk's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01526%	0.01401%	0.01488%	0.01567%	0.01663%	0.01609%	0.01470%
Banner Elk's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 416,739	\$ 332,365	\$ 227,325	332,570	\$ 74,633	(94,890)	\$ 177,191
Banner Elk's covered-employee payroll	\$ 932,242	\$ 817,079	\$ 847,875	824,874	\$ 824,874	841,796	\$ 830,250
Banner Elk's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	44.70%	40.68%	26.81%	40.32%	9.05%	(11.27%)	21.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.63%	94.18%	94.18%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Town of Banner Elk's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2020		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 84,328	\$	74,881	\$ 65,486	\$	64,618	\$ 56,874	\$ 60,743	\$	59,477
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	84,328		74,881	65,486		64,618	56,874	60,743		59,477
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	S	
Contains action (Choose)	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ -	Ψ	
Banner Elk's covered-employee payroll	\$ 905,868	\$	932,242	\$817,079	\$	847,875	\$824,874	\$830,250	\$	830,250
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.31%		8.03%	8.01%		7.62%	6.89%	7.32%		7.16%

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina **Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability** Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

June 3	0, 20)20
--------	-------	-----

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 283,833	\$ 347,795	\$ 345,161	\$ 359,409
Service Cost	12,042	10,385	11,128	11,653
Interest on the total pension liability	9,561	10,321	12,523	12,280
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the				
measurement of the total pension liability	29,399	(31,433)	1,833	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	10,269	(10,878)	18,619	(7,294)
Benefit payments	(42,351)	(42,357)	(41,469)	(30,887)
Other changes	-	=	-	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 302,753	\$ 283,833	\$ 347,795	\$ 345,161

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020			2019	2018	2017	
Total pension liability	\$	302,753 \$	3	283,833	\$ 347,795 \$		345,161
Covered payroll		402,784		303,676	397,110		388,163
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		75.17%		93.47%	87.58%		88.92%

Notes to the schedules:

Town of Banner Elk has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Budget	1100001	(1 (egati (e)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$	1,311,644 \$	
Interest		2,953	
Total	1,277,351	1,314,597	37,246
Other taxes and licenses:			
Solid waste disposal tax		875	
Privilege licenses		260	
Total	200	1,135	935
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes		476,332	
Utilities franchise tax		113,022	
Beer and wine tax		4,981	
TDA admin fee		24,241	
ABC profit distribution		140,000	
Total	601,596	758,576	156,980
Restricted intergovernmental:		41.020	
Powell Bill allocation		41,038	
Other local grants and matching contributions	41.500	25,682	25.220
Total	41,500	66,720	25,220
Permits and fees:			
Building permits		6.414	
Total	4,000	6,414 6,414	2,414
Total	4,000	0,414	2,414
Sales and services:			
Rental income	25,500	36,470	10,970
1001101	25,500	20,.70	10,570
Investment earnings	40,000	41,290	1,290
-			
Donations		3,000	3,000
Miscellaneous	67,043	45,695	(21,348)
Total revenues	2,057,190	2,273,897	216,707
E			
Expenditures: Governing body:			
Salaries and employee benefits		13,564	
Operating expenditures			
Total	_	39,571 53,135	
Total	_	33,133	
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		180,027	
Operating expenditures		71,488	
Capital outlay		46,026	
Total		297,541	
	_		
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		20,531	
Operating expenditures		28,873	
Total		49,404	
			

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Planning			(**********)
Salaries and employee benefits		82,746	
Operating expenditures		17,615	
Total		100,361	
Public buildings:			
Operating expenditures		59,528	
Total		59,528	
Total general government	629,092	559,969	69,123
Public safety:			
Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits		667,775	
Operating expenditures		86,263	
Capital outlay		73,324	
Total		827,362	
Total public safety	846,846	827,362	19,484
Transportation:			
Streets and highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits		84,968	
Operating expenditures		246,361	
Capital outlay		313,247	
Total transportation	1,011,309	644,576	366,733
Cultural and recreation:	1,011,000	0.1,570	200,722
Parks and recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		44,635	
Other operating expenditures		78,696	
Total culture and recreation	176,222	123,331	52,891
Total average ditues	2,662,460	2 155 229	500 221
Total expenditures	2,663,469	2,155,238	508,231
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(606,279)	118,659	724,938
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from long-term debt	200,000	100,000	(100,000)
Sale of capital assets	2,500	23,254	20,754
Total	\$ 202,500	123,254	\$ (79,246)
Fund balance appropriated	403,779	-	(403,779)
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	241,913	\$ 241,913
Fund balances, beginning		2,240,394	
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,482,307	
, 6		,	

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Capital Improvement Plan - Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance Positive		
	Budget	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues	Buaget		1101001	`	(rioganivo)	
Restricted intergovernmental:						
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Investment income	-		11,851		11,851	
Total revenues	-		11,851		11,851	
Revenues under expenditures			11,851		11,851	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer to Historic Banner Elk School Fund	(69,833)		(69,833)			
Total	(69,833)		(69,833)		-	
Fund balance appropriated	69,833		-		(69,833)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$	(57,982)	\$	(57,982)	
Fund balances, beginning			412,696			
Fund balances, ending		\$	354,714			

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheets Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Police Special Revenue Fund	Cops Golf Tournament Special Revenue Fund	Historic Banner Elk School Special Revenue Fund	Sidewalk Projects Special Revenue Fund	al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	40,080	70,016 25	243,610 611	76,571 -	\$ 430,277 636
Total assets	\$	40,080	70,041	244,221	76,571	\$ 430,913
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	-	111	-	\$ 111
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute	\$	-	25	611	-	\$ 636
Public safety Committed:		40,080	70,016	-	76,571	110,096
Capital projects Assigned:				242.400	70,371	76,571
Cultural and recreation Total fund balances	_	40,080	70,041	243,499 244,110	76,571	243,499 430,802
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	40,080	\$ 70,041	\$ 244,221	\$ 76,571	\$ 430,913

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues Special Revenue Fund Tournament Special Revenue Special Reve		Police	Cops Golf	Historic Banner	Sidewalk		
Revenues: Fund Fund Fund Funds Sales and services \$ - 24,735 61,496 - \$ 86,231 Capital donations - - 25,431 - 25,431 Interest - 625 - 482 1,107 Miscellaneous 47 25,360 86,927 482 112,816 Expenditures: - - - 47 Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Cother Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 <		Special	Tournament	Elk School	Projects	Tota	ıl Nonmajor
Sales and services \$ - 24,735 61,496 - \$ 86,231 Capital donations - - 25,431 - 25,431 Interest - 625 - 482 1,107 Miscellaneous 47 25,360 86,927 482 112,816 Expenditures: Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net		Revenue	Special Revenue	Special Revenue	Special Revenue	Go	vernmental
Capital donations - - 25,431 - 25,431 Interest - 625 - 482 1,107 Miscellaneous 47 - - - 47 Total revenues 47 25,360 86,927 482 112,816 Expenditures: - - - 47 - - 47 Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 - 77,914 - 77,914 - 77,914 - 77,914 - 77,914 -	Revenues:	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Funds
Interest Miscellaneous - 625 - 482 1,107 Miscellaneous Total revenues 47 25,360 86,927 482 112,816 Expenditures: Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,	Sales and services	\$ =	24,735	61,496	=	\$	86,231
Miscellaneous 47 - - 47 Total revenues 47 25,360 86,927 482 112,816 Expenditures: Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - - 77,914 - 77,914 Principal repayments - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597	Capital donations	=	=	25,431	=		25,431
Total revenues 47 25,360 86,927 482 112,816 Expenditures: Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Interest	=	625	-	482		1,107
Expenditures: Public safety 150 13,873 14,023 Cultural and recreation 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: 83,333 - 83,333 Interest 83,333 - 83,333 Interest 175,270 Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Miscellaneous	 47		-	-		47
Public safety 150 13,873 - - 14,023 Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - - - - Principal repayments - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Total revenues	 47	25,360	86,927	482		112,816
Cultural and recreation - - 77,914 - 77,914 Debt service: - - - - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Expenditures:						
Debt service: - - - - - 83,333 - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest -	Public safety	150	13,873	-	-		14,023
Principal repayments - - 83,333 - 83,333 Interest - - - - - - - Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Cultural and recreation	=	=	77,914	-		77,914
Interest -<	Debt service:				-		
Total expenditures 150 13,873 161,247 - 175,270 Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Principal repayments	-	-	83,333	-		83,333
Revenues over expenditures (103) 11,487 (74,320) 482 (62,936) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Interest	 -	-	-	-		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Total expenditures	 150	13,873	161,247	<u>-</u>		175,270
Transfers in - - 69,833 - 69,833 Net change in fund balance (103) 11,487 (4,487) 482 7,379 Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	Revenues over expenditures	(103)	11,487	(74,320)	482		(62,936)
Fund balance, beginning 40,183 58,554 248,597 76,089 423,423	• , ,	-	-	69,833	<u>-</u>		69,833
	Net change in fund balance	(103)	11,487	(4,487)	482		7,379
Fund balance, ending \$ 40,080 \$ 70,041 \$ 244,110 \$ 76,571 \$ 430,802	Fund balance, beginning	40,183	58,554	248,597	76,089		423,423
	Fund balance, ending	\$ 40,080	\$ 70,041	\$ 244,110	\$ 76,571	\$	430,802

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Sidewalk Projects - Nommajor Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Dudget	A atual	Variance Positive
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
232, 222, 222			
Miscellaneous:			
Contributions	-	-	\$ -
Investment income		482	482
Total revenues		482	482
Expenditures			
Capital outlay:			
Sidewalk projects			
Total expenditures			
		_	
Revenues under expenditures		482	482
Appropriated fund balance		_	
Net change in fund balance	s -	482	\$ 482
	*	.52	02
Fund balance, beginning		76,089	
Fund balance, ending	•	\$ 76,571	
, 2	:		

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Police Special Revenue Fund - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	E	Budget	Actual	P	ariance Positive Tegative)
Revenues:					
Miscellaneous	\$	5,500	47	\$	(5,453)
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Other		5,500	150		5,350
Revenues over expenditures			(103)		(103)
Other financing (uses): Appropriated fund balance Total other financing (uses)		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	(103)	\$	(103)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance. Ending		-	\$ 40,183 \$ 40,080		

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Golf Tournament Special Revenue Fund - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	1	Budget	Actual	P	ariance Positive (egative)
Revenues:	Φ.	21 000	0.4.50.5	Φ.	2.525
Golf tournament revenues	\$	21,000	24,735	\$	3,735
Interest			625		625
Total revenues		21,000	25,360		4,360
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Golf tournament		21,000	13,873		7,127
Net change in fund balance	\$		11,487	\$	11,487
Fund balance, beginning		_	58,554		
Fund balance. Ending		=	\$ 70,041		

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Historic Banner Elk School Special Revenue Fund - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	D 1 /	A / 1	Variance Positive
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Golf tournament revenues	25,500	53,181	27,681
Sales and services	10,000	8,315	(1,685)
Donations Donations	20,500	25,431	4,931
Total revenues	56,000	86,927	30,927
Expenditures:			
Cultural and recreation:			
Other	60,300	57,872	2,428
Golf tournament expenses	25,500	20,042	5,458
Debt Service:			
Principal	83,333	83,333	-
Total	169,133	161,247	7,886
Revenues over expenditures	(113,133)	(74,320)	38,813
Other financing (uses):			
Transfer from Capital Project Fund	69,833	69,833	0
Total other financing (uses)	69,833	69,833	
Fund balance approrpiated	43,300	-	(43,300)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(4,487)	\$ (4,487)
Fund balance, beginning		248,597	
Fund balance, Ending	- -	\$ 244,110	

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Dudant	Astrol	Variance Positive
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Water sales:			
Residential		376,402	
Impact fees		30,750	
Total	\$ 353,000	407,152	\$ 54,152
Sewer charges:			
Residential		533,927	
Sewer CIP surcharge		11,325	
Total	515,000	545,252	30,252
Water and sewer taps	5,000	34,300	29,300
Other operating revenues	5,000	4,701	(299)
Total operating revenues	878,000	991,405	113,405
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earnings	1,500	2,073	573
Total revenues	879,500	993,478	113,978
Expenditures:			
Water and sewer administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		66,122	
Supplies		1,003	
Insurance		77	
Contracted services		2,308	
Other operating expenditures		19,095	
Total water and sewer	442.500	00.50	** ***
administration	112,593	88,605	23,988
Wastewater treatment:			
Water treatment plant:			
Salaries and employee benefits		34,490	
Utilities		62,460	
Supplies		1,486	
Insurance		3,350	
Maintenance		18,252	
Other operating expenditures Contracted services		16,937 22,958	
Total	184,952	159,933	25,019
	101,552	107,733	23,017
Water treatment:			
Water treatment plant:		34.992	
Salaries and employee benefits Utilities		,	
Supplies		32,962 8,487	
Insurance		1,831	
Maintenance		1,176	
Other operating expenditures		13,039	
Total	137,537	92,487	45,050
Distributions and collections:			
Salaries and employee benefits		77,848	
Utilities		4,833	
Supplies		17,923	
Insurance		7,158	
Maintenance		17,275	
Other operating expenditures		113,740	
Capital outlay		31,527	
Total	378,465	270,304	108,161
Subtotal water treatment and			
sewer expneses	813,547	611,329	202,218

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Ru	dget	Actual	F	ariance Positive (egative)
Debt service:		ager	 7 Tettaar	(1)	egative)
Interest and other charges			5,336		_
Principal retirement			93,433		-
Total debt service		99,053	98,769		284
Revenues over(under) expenditures		(33,100)	 283,380		316,480
Other financing sources and (uses)					
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	33,100			(33,100)
Fund balance appropriated		-	-		-
Revenues and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses	\$	-	283,380	\$	283,380
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Revenues and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses			\$ 283,380		
Reconciling items:					
Principal retirement			93,433		
Change in accrued vacation pay			(4,671)		
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension	ons		(3,614)		
Change in net pension liability			(14,360)		
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension	ıs		1,635		
Proceeds from long-term debt			-		
Capital outlay			9,248		
Depreciation			(175,885)		
Interest income from Water and					
Sewer Capital Projects Fund			 354		
Total reconciling items			 (93,860)		
Change in net position			\$ 189,520		

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Capital Improvement Plan - Water and Sewer Capital Improvement Plan Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Buc	lget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	<u> </u>	354 354	354 354
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-	354	354
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources	\$	<u> </u>	354	354

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2019		Additions	 Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance une 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$	-	\$	1,318,961	\$ 1,299,424	\$ 19,537
2018-2019		13,252		-	9,303	3,949
2017-2018		3,565		-	3,063	502
2016-2017		497		-	-	497
2015-2016		458		-	-	458
2014-2015		478		-	-	478
2013-2014		596		-	-	596
2012-2013		2		-	-	2
2011-2012		21		-	-	21
2010-2011		147		-	-	147
2009-2010		293			 293	
	\$	19,309	\$	1,318,961	\$ 1,312,083	 26,187
		allowance for uneral Fund	ıncollectil	ole accounts:		 4,452
	Ad va	alorem taxes rec	eivable - r	net		\$ 21,735
	Recor	nciliation to reve	enues:			
	Ad va	alorem taxes - G	eneral Fu	nd		\$ 1,314,597
	Reco	onciling items:				
		rior year release	s			
	Ta	axes written off				439
	Pe	enalties and inte	rest			(2,953)
	S	ubtotal				 (2,514)
	Total	collections and	credits			\$ 1,312,083

Town of Banner Elk, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy June 30, 2020

Total Levy

	Т	own - Wie	de	Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property	0,,,11	Total	Motor	Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original levy:					- Children
Property taxed at current rate	\$ 225,815,714	0.56	\$ 1,264,568	\$ 1,264,568	\$ -
Registered motor vehicles taxed	6,447,679	0.56	36,107	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36,107
Penalties	-		3,489	3,489	, -
Total	232,263,393		1,304,164	1,268,057	36,107
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	2,961,429	0.56	16,584	16,584	
Abatements	(319,107)	0.56	(1,787)	(1,787)	-
Total property valuation	\$ 234,905,714				
Net levy			1,318,961	1,282,854	36,107
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020			(19,537)	(19,537)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 1,299,424	\$ 1,263,317	\$ 36,107
Current levy collection percentage			98.52%	98.48%	100.00%